

Mouse SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14 Monoclonal Antibody | anti-SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14 antibody

MOUSE ANTI HUMAN SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14:RPE

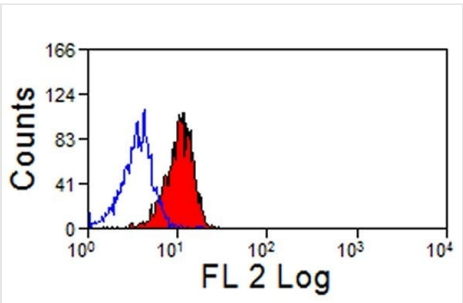
CATALOG # AAA50166	HOST Mouse	APPLICATIONS Flow Cytometry, Functional Assay
------------------------------	----------------------	---

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

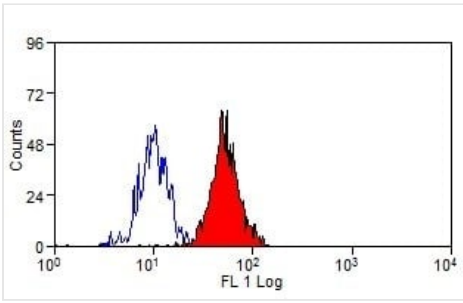
SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14; Monoclonal Antibody; MOUSE ANTI HUMAN SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14:RPE; anti-SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

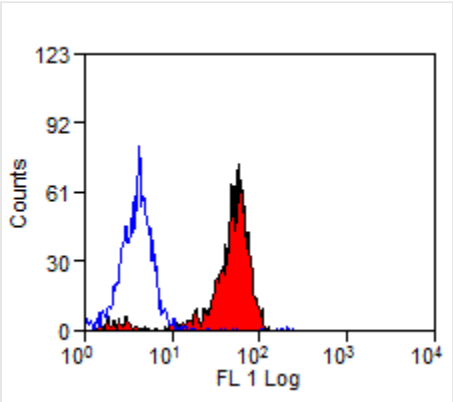
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Clone Number	1A5
Specificity	Clone 1A5 recognises human Siglec-5 (Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5), otherwise known as CD170, a novel sialic-acid-binding Ig-like lectin, and member of the Ig superfamily, expressed by dendritic cells (DCs), activated macrophages, neutrophils, and cells of the monocyte/myeloid lineage. Clone 1A5, is one of several Siglec-5 antibodies which also recognises human Siglec-14 (Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 14) see Angata, T. et al. for details. Siglec-14 shares an almost identical sequence with Siglec-5 within the first two Ig-like domains, indicating partial gene conversion between these two Siglecs, also evident in other primate species. Siglec-5 is highly related to the myelomonocytic-derived adhesion molecule CD33 (Siglec-3), and mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells, as well as acting as an inhibitory receptor in the down-regulation of cell activation. Structurally, Siglec-5 contains an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM), which plays a part in the modulation of cellular responses, and when phosphorylated, can bind to the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases. Siglec-14 is a putative sialic-acid binding adhesion molecule, and member of the Ig superfamily, predominantly expressed in hematopoietic tissues, which has been shown to associate with the activating adapter protein DAP12. Clone 1A5 has been show to cross react with Chimpanzee.
Form/Format	Purified IgG conjugated to R. Phycoerythrin (RPE) - lyophilised
Sequence Length	551
Applicable Applications for anti-SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14 antibody	FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry)
Reconstitution	Reconstitute with 1.0ml distilled water Perservative Stabilisers
Immunogen	Siglec-5-Fc protein, consisting of the full-length extracellular region of human Siglec-5, fused with the Fc region of human IgG1. Buffer Solution
Target Species	Human
Preparation and Storage	Prior to reconstitution store at 4 degree C. After reconstitution store at 4 degree C. DO NOT FREEZE. This product should be stored undiluted. This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use. Shelf Life: 12 months from date of reconstitution.



Application Data
Human peripheral blood monocytes stained with Mouse anti Human Siglec-5/Siglec-14:RPE (AAA50166)



Application Data
Human peripheral blood monocytes stained with Mouse anti Human Siglec-5/Siglec-14:FITC



Application Data
Human peripheral blood monocytes stained with Mouse anti Human Siglec-5/Siglec-14 followed by rabbit F(ab')₂ anti mouse IgG:FITC

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-SIGLEC-5/SIGLEC-14 antibody

MBS224725 recognises human Siglec-5 (Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5), otherwise known as CD170, a novel sialic-acid-binding Ig-like lectin, and member of the Ig superfamily, expressed by dendritic cells (DCs), activated macrophages, neutrophils, and cells of the monocyte/myeloid lineage. Clone 1A5, is one of several Siglec-5 antibodies which also recognises human Siglec-14 (Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 14), see Angata, T. et al. for details. Siglec-14 shares an almost identical sequence with Siglec-5 within the first two Ig-like domains, indicating partial gene conversion between these two Siglecs, also evident in other primate species. Siglec-5 is highly related to the myelomonocytic-derived adhesion molecule CD33 (Siglec-3), and mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells, as well as acting as an inhibitory receptor in the down-regulation of cell activation. Structurally, Siglec-5 contains an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM), which plays a part in the modulation of cellular responses, and when phosphorylated, can bind to the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases. Siglec-14 is a putative sialic-acid binding adhesion molecule, and member of the Ig superfamily, predominantly expressed in hematopoietic tissues, which has been shown to associate with the activating adapter protein DAP12. Clone 1A5 has been shown to cross react with Chimpanzee, see Jaroenpool, J. et al. for details.

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	4502659
NCBI GeneID	8778
NCBI Accession #	NP_003821.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_003830.3
Molecular Weight	60,715 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5

NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	sialic acid binding Ig-like lectin 5
NCBI Official Symbol	SIGLEC5
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	CD170; OBBP2; CD33L2; OB-BP2; SIGLEC-5
NCBI Protein Information	sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5; CD33 antigen-like 2; OB-binding protein 2; obesity-binding protein 2; sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin 5
UniProt Protein Name	Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5
UniProt Gene Name	SIGLEC5
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	CD33L2; OBBP2; Siglec-5; OB-BP2; OB-binding protein 2
UniProt Entry Name	SIGL5_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

AAA Biotech | Tel: +1 (619) 604-9440 | Fax: +1 (619) 604-9441 | contact@aaabiotech.com

Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/monoclonal/siglec-5-siglec-14-antibody-clone-1a5-flow-cytometry-elisa/50166>