

Rabbit HDAC1 Monoclonal Antibody | anti-HDAC1 antibody

Anti-HDAC1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

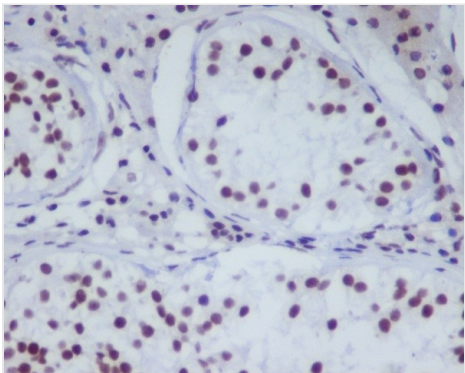
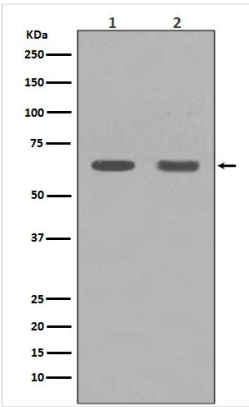
CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA46920	Rabbit	Human, Mouse, Rat	Western Blot, Immunocytochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunofluorescence

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

HDAC1; Monoclonal Antibody; Anti-HDAC1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody; Histone deacetylase 1; HD1; 3.5.1.98; RPD3L1; anti-HDAC1 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Purity/Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Form/Format	Liquid
Sequence Length	482
Applicable Applications for anti-HDAC1 antibody	WB (Western Blot), ICC (Immunocytochemistry), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), IF (Immunofluorescence)
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human HDAC1
Subcellular Localization	Nucleus.
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous, with higher levels in heart, pancreas and testis, and lower levels in kidney and brain.
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4 degree C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 degree C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human testis, using HDAC1 Antibody(AAA46920)HDAC1 was detected in paraffin-embedded tissue section. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-HDAC1 Antibody (AAA46920)overnight at 4 degree C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) with DAB as the chromogen.

WB (Western Blot)
Western blot analysis of HDAC1 expression in (1) C6 cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate (AAA46920).Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions.After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-HDAC1 monoclonal antibody overnight at 4 degree C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for HDAC1

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-HDAC1 antibody	Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Deacetylates SP proteins, SP1 and SP3, and regulates their function. Component of the BRG1-RB1-HDAC1 complex, which negatively regulates the CREST- mediated transcription in resting neurons. Upon calcium stimulation, HDAC1 is released from the complex and CREBBP is recruited, which facilitates transcriptional activation. Deacetylates TSHZ3 and regulates its transcriptional repressor activity. Deacetylates 'Lys-310' in RELA and thereby inhibits the transcriptional activity of NF-kappa-B. Deacetylates NR1D2 and abrogates the effect of KAT5-mediated relieving of NR1D2 transcription repression activity. Component of a RCOR/GFI/KDM1A/HDAC complex that suppresses, via histone deacetylase (HDAC) recruitment, a number of genes implicated in multilineage blood cell development. Involved in CIART-mediated transcriptional repression of the circadian transcriptional activator: CLOCK-ARNTL/BMAL1 heterodimer. Required for the transcriptional repression of circadian target genes, such as PER1, mediated by the large PER complex or CRY1 through histone deacetylation.
Product Categories/Family for anti-HDAC1 antibody	Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling; Chromatin Modifying Enzymes; Acetylation; Stem Cells; Signaling Pathways; wnt; HDACS; Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling; class i; Cardiovascular; Heart; Hypertrophy; ChIP'ing Antibodies; isotype/loading controls; hdac1

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	13128860
NCBI GeneID	3065
NCBI Accession #	NP_004955.2
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_004964.2
UniProt Accession #	Q13547; Q92534
Molecular Weight	55103 MW
NCBI Official Full Name	histone deacetylase 1
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	histone deacetylase 1

NCBI Official Symbol	HDAC1
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	HD1; RPD3; GON-10; RPD3L1
NCBI Protein Information	histone deacetylase 1
UniProt Protein Name	Histone deacetylase 1
UniProt Gene Name	HDAC1
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	RPD3L1; HD1

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/monoclonal/hdac1-antibody-western-blot-immunocytochemistry-immunohistochemistry-immunofluorescence-elisa/46920>