

GR elisa kit

GR (Phospho-Ser211) TFact DNA-Binding ELISA Kit

CATALOG # AAA315920	REACTIVITY Human, Mouse, Rat
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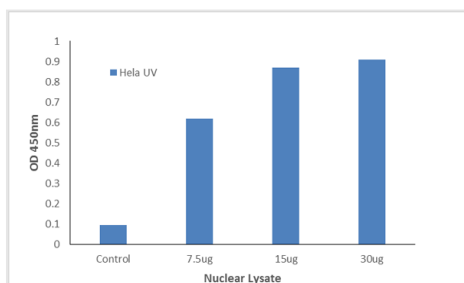
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

GR; GR (Phospho-Ser211) TFact DNA-Binding ELISA Kit; GCR; GRL; GRL1; NR3C1; glucocorticoid receptor; GR elisa kit

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Form/Format	12 x 8-Well Microstrips
Sequence Length	777
Preparation and Storage	Store entire kit at 4 degree C until use.

IMAGES



Application Data

The TFact GR (Phospho-Ser211) DNA-Binding ELISA detects active GR (Phospho-Ser211) in MCF7 and HeLa Nuclear Extract. The MCF7 and HeLa cells were grown 3 days in DMEM and DMEM with 10% FBS and harvested for nuclear extract. The HeLa cells were stimulated by UV (100J/M2) before harvest.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for GR elisa kit	Principle of the Assay: The TFact™ DNA-Binding ELISA Kit contains components necessary for detection of active transcription factors in eukaryotic nuclear or cell lysates. This particular immunoassay utilizes the qualitative technique of an indirect ELISA. Streptavidin is bound to the immunoassay plate and specific biotinylated double-stranded (dsDNA) oligonucleotides are then added to bind to the streptavidin via a high affinity biotin-streptavidin interaction. After subsequent blocking of extraneous binding sites in each well, the sample containing the target of interest can be added. Primary antibody is added to bind activated transcription factors bound to the dsDNA oligonucleotide, which has been immobilized via the plate-coated streptavidin. A HRP-conjugated secondary antibody specific for rabbit IgGs is added, which allows for specific binding to the Primary Antibody, and consequently colorimetric detection upon addition of the TMB substrate. For color development, TMB (3, 3', 5, 5'-Tetramethylbenzidine) is added to each well. After addition of the substrate, a peroxidase catalyzed reaction will produce a blue TMB Diimine product that is proportional to the target concentration in the sample. Color development is quenched by addition of Stop Solution, or 2 N Sulfuric Acid, which turns the solution yellow. The absorbance can then be read by a spectrophotometer at 450 nm and subsequently allowing for determination of the target concentration in the sample. Currently, the most common methods to detect transcription factor binding to DNA elements and motifs are electrophoretic mobility shift assays (EMSAs), chromatin immunoprecipitation, western blotting, and expression of fused target and reporter genes. These methods are often time consuming, complicated, and make it difficult to achieve satisfactory results. Assay Biotech TFact™ DNA-Binding ELISA Kits can significantly reduce the necessary runtime to within one day and eliminate the need for harmful radioactive labeling while maintaining high sensitivity and signal-to-noise ratio. In the past, it was strenuous and inefficient to perform high-throughput screening for hundreds of different samples or transcription factors. Today, our revolutionary TFact™ DNA-Binding ELISA Kits can eliminate these challenges and help expedite the journey from research to publication or product.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	4504133
NCBI GeneID	2908
NCBI Accession #	NP_000167.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_000176.2
UniProt Accession #	P04150; P04151; Q53EP5; Q6N0A4; A0ZXF9; B0LPG8; D3DQF4; F5ATB7
Molecular Weight	49,802 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	glucocorticoid receptor isoform alpha
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 1
NCBI Official Symbol	NR3C1
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	GR; GCR; GRL; GCCR; GCRST
NCBI Protein Information	glucocorticoid receptor
UniProt Protein Name	Glucocorticoid receptor
UniProt Gene Name	NR3C1
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	GRL; GR

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.