

Rabbit anti-Human, Mouse QARS Polyclonal Antibody | anti-QARS antibody

QARS Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA313961	Rabbit	Human, Mouse	Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Western Blot

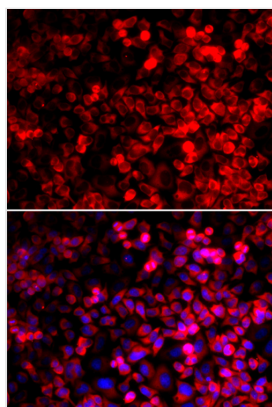
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

QARS; Polyclonal Antibody; QARS Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody; GLNRS; MSCCA; PRO2195; anti-QARS antibody

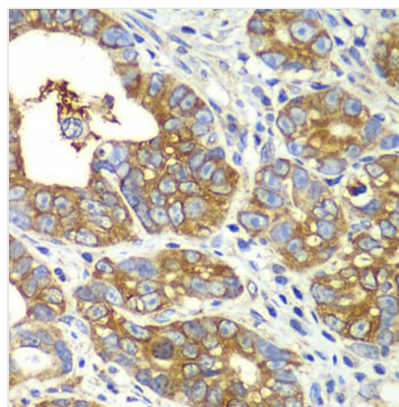
PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purity/Purification	Affinity purification
Form/Format	Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Applicable Applications for anti-QARS antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), WB (Western Blot)
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human QARS (NP_005042.1).
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

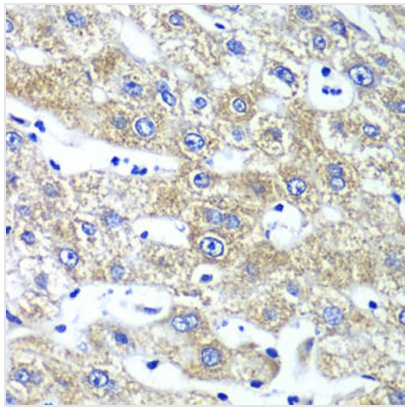
IMAGES


IF (Immunofluorescence)

Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using QARS. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

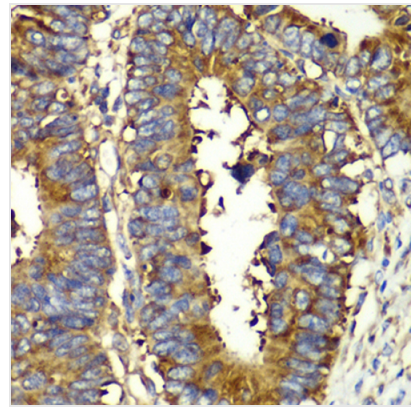

IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human gastric cancer using QARS at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



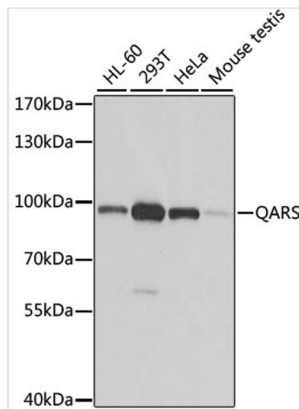
IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human liver damage using QARS at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma using QARS at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



WB (Western Blot)

Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using QARS at 1:1000 dilution.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-QARS antibody

Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases catalyze the aminoacylation of tRNA by their cognate amino acid. Because of their central role in linking amino acids with nucleotide triplets contained in tRNAs, aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases are thought to be among the first proteins that appeared in evolution. In metazoans, 9 aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases specific for glutamine (gln), glutamic acid (glu), and 7 other amino acids are associated within a multienzyme complex. Although present in eukaryotes, glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase (QARS) is absent from many prokaryotes, mitochondria, and chloroplasts, in which Gln-tRNA(Gln) is formed by transamidation of the misacylated Glu-tRNA(Gln). Glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase belongs to the class-I aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase family. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Product Categories/Family for anti-QARS antibody

[Primary Antibody](#)

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	4826960
NCBI GeneID	5859
NCBI Accession #	NP_005042
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_005051
UniProt Accession #	P47897; B4DWJ2
Molecular Weight	86,579 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	glutamine--tRNA ligase isoform a

NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase
NCBI Official Symbol	QARS
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	GLNRS; MSCCA; PRO2195
NCBI Protein Information	glutamine--tRNA ligase; glutamine-tRNA synthetase
UniProt Protein Name	Glutamine--tRNA ligase
UniProt Gene Name	QARS
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	GlnRS
UniProt Entry Name	SYQ_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/qars-antibody-immunofluorescence-immunohistochemistry-western-blot-elisa/313961>