

Rabbit anti-Human GRB10 Polyclonal Antibody | anti-GRB10 antibody

GRB10 (phospho Tyr67) Polyclonal Antibody

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA294008	Rabbit	Human	Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Western Blot

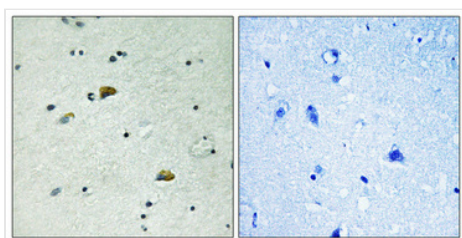
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

GRB10; Polyclonal Antibody; GRB10 (phospho Tyr67) Polyclonal Antibody; GRBIR; KIAA0207; Growth factor receptor-bound protein 10; GRB10 adapter protein; Insulin receptor-binding protein Grb-IR; anti-GRB10 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Applicable Applications for anti-GRB10 antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), WB (Western Blot)
Preparation and Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 degree C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20 degree C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

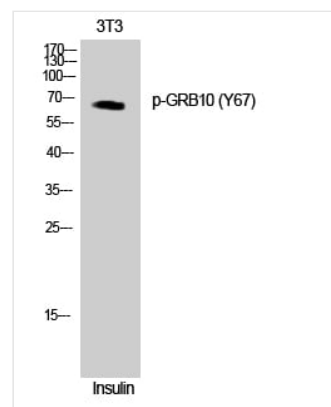
IMAGES



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Dilution: Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.



WB (Western Blot)

Dilution: Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-GRB10 antibody	Adapter protein which modulates coupling of a number of cell surface receptor kinases with specific signaling pathways. Binds to, and suppress signals from, activated receptors tyrosine kinases, including the insulin (INSR) and insulin-like growth factor (IGF1R) receptors. The inhibitory effect can be achieved by 2 mechanisms: interference with the signaling pathway and increased receptor degradation. Delays and reduces AKT1 phosphorylation in response to insulin stimulation. Blocks association between INSR and IRS1 and IRS2 and prevents insulin- stimulated IRS1 and IRS2 tyrosine phosphorylation. Recruits NEDD4 to IGF1R, leading to IGF1R ubiquitination, increased internalization and degradation by both the proteasomal and lysosomal pathways. May play a role in mediating insulin- stimulated ubiquitination of INSR, leading to proteasomal degradation. Negatively regulates Wnt signaling by interacting with LRP6 intracellular portion and interfering with the binding of AXIN1 to LRP6. Positive regulator of the KDR/VEGFR-2 signaling pathway. May inhibit NEDD4-mediated degradation of KDR/VEGFR-2.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	48762693
NCBI GeneID	2887
NCBI Accession #	NP_001001549.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001001549.2
UniProt Accession #	Q13322; O00427; O00701; O75222; Q92606; Q92907; Q92948; A4D258; A7VJ95; A8K0E6; D3DVM9
Molecular Weight	67,231 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	growth factor receptor-bound protein 10 isoform b
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	growth factor receptor-bound protein 10
NCBI Official Symbol	GRB10
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	RSS; IRBP; MEG1; GRB-IR; Grb-10
NCBI Protein Information	growth factor receptor-bound protein 10; GRB10 adapter protein; GRB10 adaptor protein; maternally expressed gene 1; insulin receptor-binding protein Grb-IR
UniProt Protein Name	Growth factor receptor-bound protein 10
UniProt Gene Name	GRB10
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	GRBIR; KIAA0207
UniProt Entry Name	GRB10_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/grb10-antibody-immunofluorescence-immunohistochemistry-western-blot-elisa/294008>