

Mouse PDGFRalpha Monoclonal Antibody | anti-PDGFRalpha antibody

PDGFRalpha mouse Monoclonal Antibody (4G11)

CATALOG # AAA293818	HOST Mouse	REACTIVITY Human, Mouse, Rat	APPLICATIONS Immunohistochemistry
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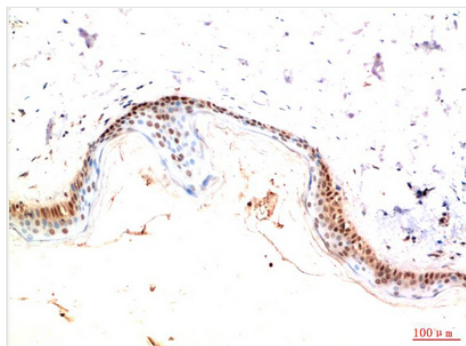
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

PDGFRalpha; Monoclonal Antibody; PDGFRalpha mouse Monoclonal Antibody (4G11); PDGFRA; anti-PDGFRalpha antibody

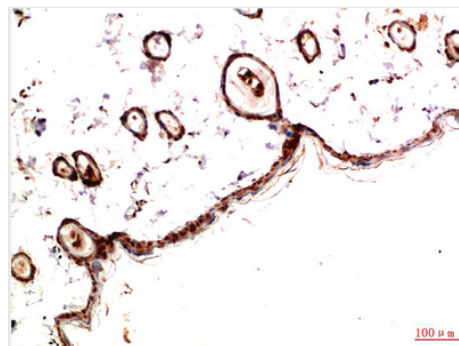
PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Number	4G11
Applicable Applications for anti-PDGFRalpha antibody	IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Preparation and Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 degree C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20 degree C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



Application Data
Dilution: IHC 1:100-200



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Dilution: IHC: 1:100-200

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-PDGFRalpha antibody	Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for PDGFA, PDGFB and PDGFC and plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, survival and chemotaxis. Depending on the context, promotes or inhibits cell proliferation and cell migration. Plays an important role in the differentiation of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells. Required for normal skeleton development and cephalic closure during embryonic development. Required for normal development of the mucosa lining the gastrointestinal tract, and for recruitment of mesenchymal cells and normal development of intestinal villi. Plays a role in cell migration and chemotaxis in wound healing. Plays a role in platelet activation, secretion of agonists from platelet granules, and in thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Binding of its cognate ligands - homodimeric PDGFA, homodimeric PDGFB, heterodimers formed by PDGFA and PDGFB or homodimeric PDGFC -leads to the activation of several signaling cascades; the response depends on the nature of the bound ligand and is modulated by the formation of heterodimers between PDGFRA and PDGFRB. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, PLCG1, and PTPN11. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1, 4, 5-trisphosphate, mobilization of cytosolic Ca (2+) and the activation of protein kinase C. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, and thereby mediates activation of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates activation of HRAS and of the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1. Promotes activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3 and STAT5A and/or STAT5B. Receptor signaling is down-regulated by protein phosphatases that dephosphorylate the receptor and its down-stream effectors, and by rapid internalization of the activated receptor.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	5453870
NCBI GeneID	5156
NCBI Accession #	NP_006197.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_006206.4
UniProt Accession #	P16234; Q6P4H5; Q96KZ7; Q9UD28; B2RE69; E9PBH0
Molecular Weight	122,670 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	platelet-derived growth factor receptor, alpha polypeptide
NCBI Official Symbol	PDGFRA
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	CD140A; PDGFR2; PDGFR-2; RHEPDGFRA
NCBI Protein Information	platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha; PDGF-R-alpha; CD140a antigen; PDGFRA/BCR fusion; CD140 antigen-like family member A; platelet-derived growth factor receptor 2; alpha-type platelet-derived growth factor receptor; rearranged-in-hypereosinophi
UniProt Protein Name	Platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha
UniProt Gene Name	PDGFRA
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	PDGFR2; RHEPDGFRA; PDGF-R-alpha; PDGFR-alpha; PDGFR-2
UniProt Entry Name	PGFRA_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.