

Rabbit anti-Human Protein disulfide-isomerase/PDI Polyclonal Antibody | anti-PDI antibody

Anti-Protein disulfide-isomerase/PDI Antibody, Rabbit Polyclonal

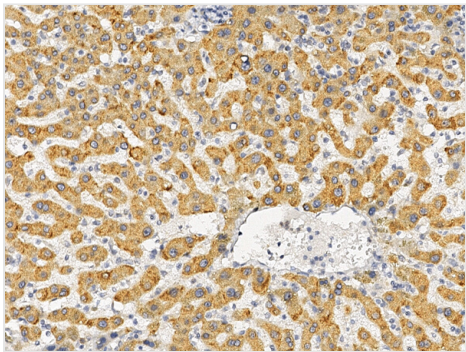
CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA259114	Rabbit	Human	Western Blot, Immunohistochemistry

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

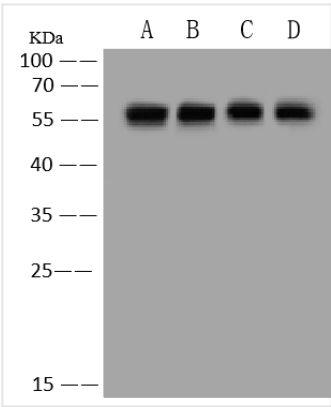
Protein disulfide-isomerase/PDI; Polyclonal Antibody; Anti-Protein disulfide-isomerase/PDI Antibody; Rabbit Polyclonal; prolyl 4-hydroxylase; beta polypeptide; Anti-DSI Antibody; Anti-ERBA2L Antibody; Anti-GIT Antibody; Anti-P4Hbeta Antibody; Anti-PDI Antibody; Anti-PDIA1 Antibody; Anti-PHDB Antibody; Anti-PO4DB Antibody; Anti-PO4HB Antibody; Anti-PROHB Antibody; anti-PDI antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Specificity	Human Protein disulfide-isomerase/PDI
Purity/Purification	Protein A & Antigen Affinity
Form/Format	Liquid; PBS, pH7.0 with 0.03% Proclin300
Applicable Applications for anti-PDI antibody	WB (Western Blot), IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Immunogen	E coli-derived Human P4HB fragment
Preparation	Produced in rabbits immunized with E coli-derived Human P4HB fragment, and purified by antigen affinity chromatography.
Preparation and Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2-8 degree C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20 degree C to -80 degree C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Immunochemical staining of human P4HB in human liver with rabbit polyclonal antibody at 1:100 dilution, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections.



WB (Western Blot)
Anti-P4HB rabbit polyclonal antibody at 1:500 dilution Lane A: HeLa Whole Cell Lysate Lane B: HepG2 Whole Cell Lysate Lane C: A431 Whole Cell Lysate Lane D: MCF7 Whole Cell Lysate Lysates/proteins at 30 ug per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Dylight800) at 1/10000 dilution. Developed using the Odyssey technique. Performed under reducing conditions. Predicted band size: 57 kDa Observed band size: 57 kDa

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-PDI antibody	Protein disulfide-isomerase, also known as Cellular thyroid hormone-binding protein, Prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit beta, p55 and P4HB, is a peripheral membrane protein that belongs to the protein disulfide isomerase family. P4HB is highly abundant. In some cell types, it seems to be also secreted or associated with the plasma membrane, where it undergoes constant shedding and replacement from intracellular sources. P4HB localizes near CD4-enriched regions on lymphoid cell surfaces. It is identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. P4HB reduces and may activate fusogenic properties of HIV-1 gp12 surface protein, thereby enabling HIV-1 entry into the cell. P4HB catalyzes the formation, breakage and rearrangement of disulfide bonds. At the cell surface, it seems to act as a reductase that cleaves disulfide bonds of proteins attached to the cell. P4HB may therefore cause structural modifications of exofacial proteins. Inside the cell, it seems to form/rearrange disulfide bonds of nascent proteins. At high concentrations, P4HB functions as a chaperone that inhibits aggregation of misfolded proteins. At low concentrations, it facilitates aggregation (anti-chaperone activity). P4HB may be involved with other chaperones in the structural modification of the TG precursor in hormone biogenesis. It also acts as a structural subunit of various enzymes such as prolyl 4-hydroxylase and microsomal triacylglycerol transfer protein MTTP.
References	Kivirikko KI, et al., 1989, FASEB J., 3 (5): 1609-17. Pihlajaniemi T, et al., 1991, J Hepatol., 13, Suppl 3: S2 Fenouillet E., et al., 2001, J. Infect. Dis. 183:744-752. Gevaert K., et al., 2003, Nat. Biotechnol. 21:566-569. Barbouche R., et al., 2003, J. Biol. Chem. 278:3131-3136.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.