

Rabbit CD8 alpha Monoclonal Antibody | anti-CD8A antibody

Recombinant Anti-CD8 alpha Antibody, Rabbit Monoclonal

CATALOG # AAA257145	HOST Rabbit	APPLICATIONS Immunohistochemistry
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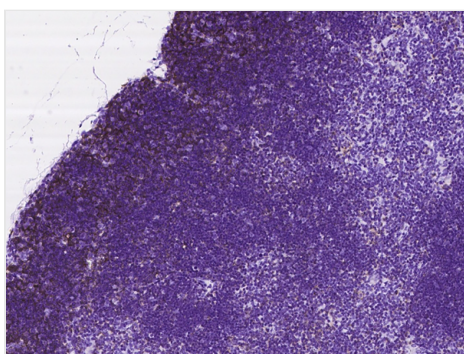
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

CD8 alpha; Monoclonal Antibody; Recombinant Anti-CD8 alpha Antibody; Rabbit Monoclonal; CD8 alpha/CD8A Antibody; Rabbit MAb; CD8a molecule; Anti-BB154331 Antibody; Anti-Ly-2 Antibody; Anti-Ly-35 Antibody; Anti-Ly-B Antibody; Anti-Lyt-2 Antibody; anti-CD8A antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

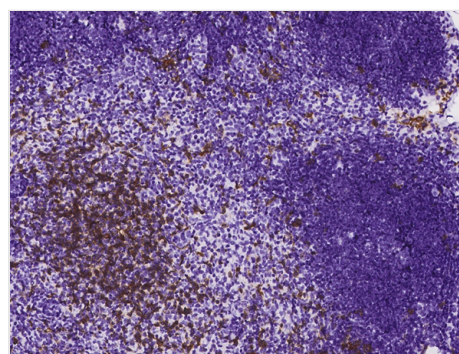
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Number	309
Specificity	Mouse CD8 alpha/CD8A
Form/Format	Liquid; 0.2um filtered solution in PBS
Applicable Applications for anti-CD8A antibody	IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Immunogen	Recombinant Mouse CD8 alpha/CD8A Protein ()
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Preparation	This antibody was obtained from a rabbit immunized with purified, recombinant Mouse CD8 alpha/CD8A (rM CD8 alpha/CD8A).
Preparation and Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2-8 degree C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20 degree C to -80 degree C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



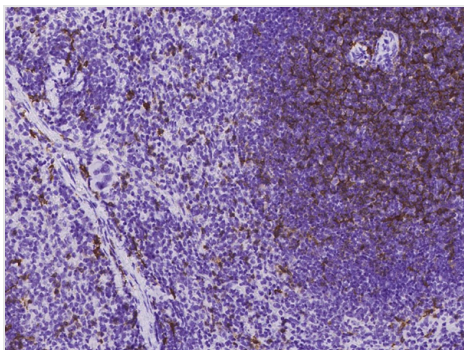
IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunochemical staining of mouse CD8 alpha in mouse thymus with rabbit monoclonal antibody at 1:300 dilution, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunochemical staining of mouse CD8 alpha in mouse lymph node with rabbit monoclonal antibody at 1:300 dilution, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
 Immunochemical staining of mouse CD8 alpha in mouse spleen with rabbit monoclonal antibody at 1:200 dilution, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-CD8A antibody	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain, also known as CD8a, is a single-pass type I membrane protein. The CD8 glycoprotein is expressed by thymocytes, mature T cells and natural killer (NK) cells and has been implicated in the recognition of monomorphic determinants on major histocompatibility complex (MHC) Class I antigens, and in signal transduction during the course of T-cell activation. Both human and rodent CD8 antigens are comprised of two distinct polypeptide chains, alpha and beta. The Ig domains of CD8 alpha are involved in controlling the ability of CD8 to be expressed. Mutation of B-and F-strand cysteine residues in CD8 alpha reduced the ability of the protein to fold properly and, therefore, to be expressed. Defects in CD8A are a cause of familial CD8 deficiency. Familial CD8 deficiency is a novel autosomal recessive immunologic defect characterized by absence of CD8+ cells, leading to recurrent bacterial infections.
References	References Devine, L. et al., 2000, J Immunol. 164 (2): 833-8. Arcaro, A. et al., 2000, J Immunol. 165 (4): 2068-76. Saha, K. et al., 2001, Nat Med. 7 (1): 65-72. Romero, P. et al., 2005, Eur J Immunol. 35 (11): 3092-4.

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	124487437
NCBI GeneID	12525
NCBI Accession #	NP_001074579.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001081110.2
UniProt Accession #	P01731
NCBI Official Full Name	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain isoform 1
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	CD8 antigen, alpha chain
NCBI Official Symbol	Cd8a
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	Ly-2; Ly-B; Ly-35; Lyt-2; BB154331
NCBI Protein Information	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain
UniProt Protein Name	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain
UniProt Gene Name	Cd8a
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	Lyt-2; Lyt2

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.