

Rabbit anti-Human PDHX Polyclonal Antibody | anti-PDHX antibody

Anti-PDHX Antibody, Rabbit Polyclonal

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA256631	Rabbit	Human	Immunoprecipitation, Immunofluorescence, Immunocytochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Western Blot

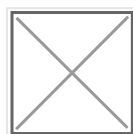
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

PDHX; Polyclonal Antibody; Anti-PDHX Antibody; Rabbit Polyclonal; PDHX Antibody; Rabbit PAb; Antigen Affinity Purified; pyruvate dehydrogenase complex; component X; Anti-DLDBP Antibody; Anti-E3BP Antibody; Anti-OPDX Antibody; Anti-PDX1 Antibody; Anti-proX Antibody; anti-PDHX antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Specificity	Human PDHX
Purity/Purification	Protein A & Antigen Affinity
Form/Format	Liquid; PBS, pH7.0 with 0.03% Proclin300
Applicable Applications for anti-PDHX antibody	IP (Immunoprecipitation), IF (Immunofluorescence), ICC (Immunocytochemistry), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), WB (Western Blot)
Immunogen	E Coli-derived Human PDHX fragment
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Preparation	Produced in rabbits immunized with E Coli-derived Human PDHX fragment, and purified by antigen affinity chromatography.
Preparation and Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2-8 degree C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20 degree C to -80 degree C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



IP (Immunoprecipitation)

PDHX was immunoprecipitated using: Lane A: 0.5 mg A431 Whole Cell Lysate 4 uL anti-PDHX rabbit polyclonal antibody and 60 ug of Immunomagnetic beads Protein A/G. Primary antibody: Anti-PDHX rabbit polyclonal antibody, at 1:100 dilution. Secondary antibody: Clean-Blot IP Detection Reagent (HRP) at 1:1000 dilution. Developed using the ECL technique. Performed under reducing conditions. Predicted band size: 55 kDa. Observed band size: 55 kDa.



IF (Immunofluorescence)

Immunofluorescence staining of PDHX in U2OS cells. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS, blocked with 10% serum, and incubated with rabbit anti-Human PDHX polyclonal antibody (dilution ratio 1:200) at 4 degree C overnight. Then cells were stained with the Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody (green) and counterstained with DAPI (blue). Positive staining was localized to Cytoplasm.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunochemical staining of human PDHX in human kidney with rabbit polyclonal antibody at 1:100 dilution, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections.



WB (Western Blot)

Anti-PDHX rabbit polyclonal antibody at 1:500 dilution Lane A: A431 Whole Cell Lysate Lane B: H1299 Whole Cell Lysate Lane C: HeLa Whole Cell Lysate Lane D: NCI H460 Whole Cell Lysate Lysates/proteins at 30 ug per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L)/HRP at 1/10000 dilution. Developed using the ECL technique. Performed under reducing conditions. Predicted band size: 54 kDa

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-PDHX antibody	PDHX (Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex Component X) is a Protein Coding gene. The PDHX gene, located on 11p13, is conserved in chimpanzee, Rhesus monkey, dog, cow, mouse, chicken, zebrafish, and frog. This gene encodes the E3 binding protein subunit; also known as component X of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. This protein tethers E3 dimers to the E2 core of the PDH complex. Defects in this gene are a cause of pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency which results in neurological dysfunction and lactic acidosis in infancy and early childhood. This protein is also a minor antigen for antimitochondrial antibodies. These autoantibodies are present in nearly 95% of patients with the autoimmune liver disease primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC). Among its related pathways are Pyruvate metabolism and Citric Acid (TCA) cycle and Signaling by GPCR.
Product Categories/Family for anti-PDHX antibody	Adaptor Proteins
References	Ivanov IS, et al. (2014) Founder p.Arg 446* mutation in the pdhx gene explains over half of cases with congenital lactic acidosis in roma children. Mol Genet Metab 113 (1-2): 76-83. Brown RM, et al. (2006) Pyruvate dehydrogenase e3 binding protein (protein x) deficiency. Dev Med Child Neurol 48 (9): 756-760. Bottone MG, et al. (2007) Enzyme-assisted photosensitization with rose bengal acetate induces structural and functional alteration of mitochondria in hela cells. Histochem Cell Biol 127 (3): 263-271.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

AAA Biotech | Tel: +1 (619) 604-9440 | Fax: +1 (619) 604-9441 | contact@aaabiotech.com

Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/pdhx-antibody-immunoprecipitation-immunofluorescence-immunocytochemistry-immunohistochemistry-western-blot-elisa/256631>