

Rabbit anti-Human BMF Polyclonal Antibody | anti-BMF antibody

Anti-BMF Antibody, Rabbit Polyclonal

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA255993	Rabbit	Human	Immunofluorescence, Immunocytochemistry, Immunohistochemistry

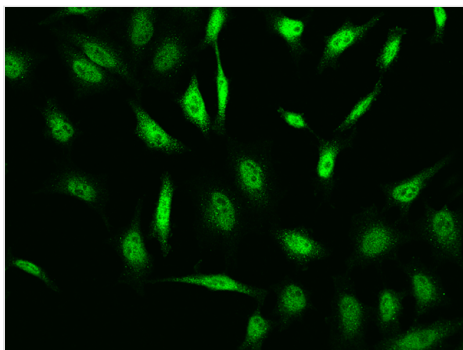
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

BMF; Polyclonal Antibody; Anti-BMF Antibody; Rabbit Polyclonal; BMF Antibody; Rabbit PAb; Antigen Affinity Purified; Bcl2 modifying factor; anti-BMF antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

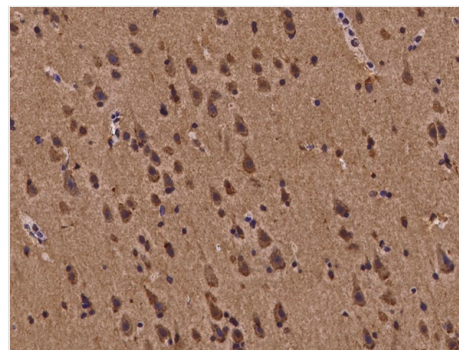
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Specificity	Human BMF
Purity/Purification	Protein A & Antigen Affinity
Form/Format	Liquid; PBS, pH7.0 with 0.03% Proclin300
Applicable Applications for anti-BMF antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), ICC (Immunocytochemistry), IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Immunogen	E Coli-derived Human BMF fragment
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Preparation	Produced in rabbits immunized with E Coli-derived Human BMF fragment, and purified by antigen affinity chromatography.
Preparation and Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2-8 degree C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20 degree C to -80 degree C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



IF (Immunofluorescence)

Immunofluorescence staining of BMF in HeLa cells. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS, blocked with 10% serum, and incubated with rabbit anti-Human BMF polyclonal antibody (dilution ratio 1:200) at 4 degree C overnight. Then cells were stained with the Alexa Fluor488-conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody (green). Positive staining was localized to Nucleus and Cytoplasm.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunochemical staining of human BMF in human brain with rabbit polyclonal antibody at 1:100 dilution, formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-BMF antibody	BMF(Bcl2 modifying factor) belongs to the BCL2 protein family. BCL2 family members form hetero-or homodimers and act as anti-or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. BMF contains a single BCL2 homology domain 3 (BH3), and has been shown to bind BCL2 proteins and function as an apoptotic activator. BMF is found to be sequestered to myosin V motors by its association with dynein light chain 2, which may be important for sensing intracellular damage and triggering apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.
Product Categories/Family for anti-BMF antibody	Autophagy Pathway
References	Hattori A, et al. (2001) Characterization of long cDNA clones from human adult spleen. DNA Res. 7(6):357-66. Day Catherine L, et al. (2004) Localization of dynein light chains 1 and 2 and their pro-apoptotic ligands. Biochem J. 377(Pt 3):597-605. Puthalakath H, et al. (2001) Bmf: a proapoptotic BH3-only protein regulated by interaction with the myosin V actin motor complex, activated by anoikis. Science. 293(5536):1829-32.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/bmf-antibody-immunofluorescence-immunocytochemistry-immunohistochemistry-elisa/255993>