

Mouse HS-IL-6 (High sensitive Interleukin 6) ELISA Kit | IL-6 elisa kit

Mouse HS-IL-6 (High sensitive Interleukin 6) Accquant ELISA Kit

CATALOG #
AAA249548

REACTIVITY
Mouse

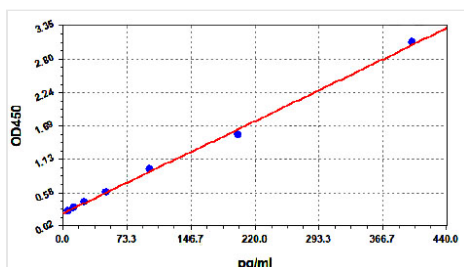
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

HS-IL-6 (High sensitive Interleukin 6); Mouse HS-IL-6 (High sensitive Interleukin 6) Accquant ELISA Kit; IL-6; Interleukin 6; IL6; BSF2; HGF; HSF; IFNB2; CDF; IL-6 elisa kit

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of IL-6. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between IL-6 and analogues were observed.
Assay Type	Sandwich ELISA, Double Antibody
Samples	Serum, Plasma, Cell Culture Supernatant, cell or tissue lysate, Other liquid samples
Detection Range	6.25-400pg/ml
Sensitivity	3.75pg/ml
Intra-assay Precision	CV<8%
Inter-assay Precision	CV<10%
Preparation and Storage	Store entire kit at 2-8C for short-term. For longer-term, please store the microplate & standard at -20C, while the remaining reagents can be stored at 2-8C

IMAGES



Standard Curve (Sample)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for IL-6 elisa kit	Principle of the Assay: This kit was based on sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. Capture antibody was pre-coated onto 96-well plates. And the biotin conjugated antibody was used as detection antibodies. The standards, test samples and biotin conjugated detection antibody were added to the wells subsequently, and washed with wash buffer. HRP-Streptavidin (HRP-SA) and Biotin System (BS) was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with wash buffer. Then by twice signal amplification, TMB substrates were used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional to the target amount of sample captured in plate. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450nm in a microplate reader, and then the concentration of target can be calculated. Background/Introduction: Interleukin 6 (IL-6) is a pleiotropic, a-helical, 22-28 kDa phosphorylated and variably glycosylated cytokine that plays important roles in the acute phase reaction, inflammation, hematopoiesis, bone metabolism, and cancer progression. IL-6, along with TNF-a and IL-1, drives the acute inflammatory response. IL-6 is almost solely responsible for fever and the acute phase response in the liver, and it is important in the transition from acute inflammation to either acquired immunity or chronic inflammatory disease. Cells known to express IL-6 include CD8+ T cells, fibroblasts, synoviocytes, adipocytes, osteoblasts, megakaryocytes, endothelial cells (under the influence of endothelins), sympathetic neurons, cerebral cortex neurons, adrenal medulla chromaffin cells, retinal pigment cells, mast cells, keratinocytes, Langerhans cells, fetal and adult astrocytes, neutrophils, monocytes, eosinophils, colonic epithelial cells, and pancreatic islet beta cells. IL-6 production is generally correlated with cell activation and is normally kept in control by glucocorticoids, catecholamines, and secondary sex steroids. Normal human circulating IL-6 is in the 1 pg/mL ranges, with slight elevations during the menstrual cycle, modest elevations in certain cancers, and large elevations after surgery.
--	---

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

AAA Biotech | Tel: +1 (619) 604-9440 | Fax: +1 (619) 604-9441 | contact@aaabiotech.com
Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/mouse-elisa-kits/hs-il-6-high-sensitive-interleukin-6/249548>