

Rabbit anti-Human p40 (deltaNp63) Monoclonal Antibody | anti-TP63 antibody

p40 (deltaNp63) (Squamous, Basal & Myoepithelial Cell Marker) Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [Clone TP40/3980R]

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA216019	Rabbit	Human	Immunohistochemistry, Immunofluorescence, Flow Cytometry, Functional Assay

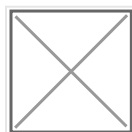
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

p40 (deltaNp63); Monoclonal Antibody; p40 (deltaNp63) (Squamous; Basal & Myoepithelial Cell Marker) Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [Clone TP40/3980R]; Basal & Myoepithelial Cell Marker); deltaNp63; TP63; anti-TP63 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit/IgG
Clone Number	TP40/3980R
Form/Format	200ug/ml of Ab purified by Protein A Column. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0. 05% BSA & 0. 05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Concentration	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml OR Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml (varies by lot)
Applicable Applications for anti-TP63 antibody	IHC (Immunohistochemistry), IF (Immunofluorescence), FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry)
Antibody Type	Recombinant Antibody
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide from the N-terminal of human p40protein (Exact sequence is proprietary)
Cellular Localization	Nuclear
Positive Control	HeLa cells. Human prostate or lung tissue (IHC).
Hu-chromosome Location	3q28
Unigene	137569
Preparation and Storage	Antibody with azide: store at 2 to 8 degree C Antibody without azide: store at -20 to -80 degree C Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

IMAGES



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human skin stained with p40 Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (TP40/3980R).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-TP63 antibody	p63 consists of two major isoforms-TAp63 and delta-Np63. These isoforms differ in the structure of the N-terminal domains. The TAp63 isoform (identified by anti-p63 antibody) contains a transactivation-competent TA domain with homology to p53, which regulates the expression of the growth-inhibitory genes. In contrast, DNp63 isoform (identified by anti-p40 antibody) contains an alternative transcriptionally-inactive delta-N domain, which antagonizes the activity of TAp63 and p53. P40/3980R recognizes exclusively delta-Np63 but not TAp63. p40 is a squamous cell carcinoma specific antibody. It reacts with the vast majority of cases of squamous cell carcinomas of various origins, but not with adenocarcinomas. It is particularly useful in differentiating lung squamous cell carcinoma from lung poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma. p40 antibody can also be used as an alternative basal cell/myoepithelial cell marker, which has similar sensitivity and specificity as that of p63 antibody. Therefore, p40 antibody may also be used as an alternative immunohistochemical marker for determining prostate adenocarcinoma vs. benign prostate glands and for determining breast intraductal carcinoma vs. invasive breast ductal carcinoma.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	169234657
NCBI GeneID	8626
NCBI Accession #	NP_001108450.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001114978.1
UniProt Accession #	Q9H3D4; O75080; O75195; O75922; O76078; Q6VEG2; Q6VEG3; Q6VEG4; Q6VFJ1; Q6VFJ2; Q6VFJ3; Q6VH20
Molecular Weight	76,785 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	tumor protein 63 isoform 2
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	tumor protein p63
NCBI Official Symbol	TP63
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	AIS; KET; LMS; NBP; RHS; p40; p51; p63; EEC3; OFC8; p73H; p73L; SHFM4; TP53L; TP73L; p53CP; TP53CP; B(p51A); B(p51B)
NCBI Protein Information	tumor protein 63; CUSP; transformation-related protein 63; tumor protein p53-competing protein; amplified in squamous cell carcinoma; chronic ulcerative stomatitis protein; keratinocyte transcription factor KET; tumor protein p63 deltaN isoform delta
UniProt Protein Name	Tumor protein 63
UniProt Gene Name	TP63
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	KET; P63; P73H; P73L; TP73L; p63; CUSP; TP63; p73L
UniProt Entry Name	P63_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.