

Mouse anti-Human Superoxide Dismutase 1 (SOD1) Monoclonal Antibody | anti-SOD1 antibody

Superoxide Dismutase 1 (SOD1) (Antioxidant Enzyme) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SOD1/4331]

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA215926	Mouse	Human	Immunohistochemistry, Flow Cytometry, Functional Assay, Western Blot

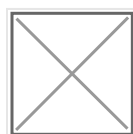
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

Superoxide Dismutase 1 (SOD1); Monoclonal Antibody; Superoxide Dismutase 1 (SOD1) (Antioxidant Enzyme) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SOD1/4331]; Superoxide Dismutase 1 (SOD1) (Antioxidant Enzyme); Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 (ALS1); Cu/Zn SOD; Cu/Zn Superoxide Dismutase; Epididymis Secretory Protein Li 44; Indophenoloxidase A (IPOA); Superoxide Dismutase [Cu-Zn]; anti-SOD1 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse/IgG2b, kappa
Clone Number	SOD1/4331
Form/Format	200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Concentration	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml OR Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml (varies by lot)
Applicable Applications for anti-SOD1 antibody	IHC (Immunohistochemistry), FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry), WB (Western Blot)
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment (around aa14-148) of human SOD1 (exact sequence is proprietary)
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasmic
Positive Control	JEG-3 or Jurkat cells. Human breast or ovarian carcinoma.
Hu-chromosome Location	21q22.11
Unigene	443914
Preparation and Storage	Antibody with azide: store at 2 to 8 degree C Antibody without azide: store at -20 to -80 degree C Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

IMAGES



WB (Western Blot)

Western Blot Analysis of JEG-3 and LNCaP cell lysates using Superoxide Dismutase 1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (SOD1/4331).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-SOD1 antibody	Cu-Zn superoxide dismutase-1 (SOD-1) is a well-characterized cytosolic scavenger of oxygen free radicals that requires copper and zinc binding to potentiate its enzymatic activity. Enzymatically, SOD-1 facilitates the dismutation of oxygen radicals to hydrogen peroxide and also catalyzes pro-oxidant reactions, which include the peroxidase activity and hydroxyl radical generating activity. SOD-1 is ubiquitously expressed in somatic cells and functions as a homodimer. Defects in the gene encoding SOD-1 have been implicated in the progression of neurological diseases, including amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), a neurodegenerative disease characterized by the loss of spinal motor neurons, Down syndrome and Alzheimer s disease. In familial ALS, several mutations in SOD-1 predominate, resulting in the loss of zinc binding, the loss of scavenging activity of SOD-1, and correlate with an increase in neurotoxicity and motor neuron death.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	134611
NCBI GeneID	6647
UniProt Accession #	P00441; Q16669; Q16711; Q16838; Q16839; Q16840; Q6NR85; A6NHJ0; D3DSE4
Molecular Weight	154
NCBI Official Full Name	Superoxide dismutase
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	superoxide dismutase 1, soluble
NCBI Official Symbol	SOD1
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	ALS; SOD; ALS1; IPOA; hSod1; HEL-S-44; homodimer
NCBI Protein Information	superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn]; superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn]; SOD, soluble; indophenoloxidase A; Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase; superoxide dismutase, cystolic; epididymis secretory protein Li 44
UniProt Protein Name	Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn]
UniProt Gene Name	SOD1
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	hSod1
UniProt Entry Name	SODC_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.