

Mouse anti-Human, Mouse MUC1/CA15-3/EMA/CD227 Monoclonal Antibody | anti-MUC1 antibody

MUC1/CA15-3/EMA/CD227 (Epithelial Marker)

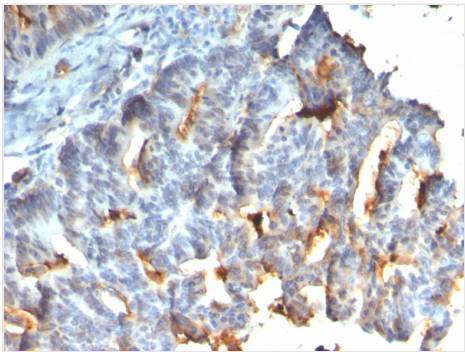
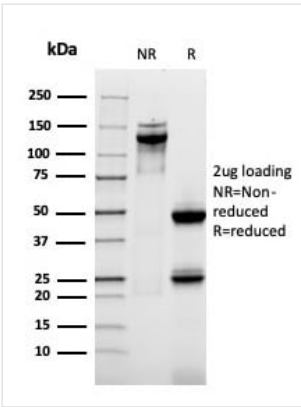
CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA215427	Mouse	Human, Mouse	Immunohistochemistry

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

MUC1/CA15-3/EMA/CD227; Monoclonal Antibody; MUC1/CA15-3/EMA/CD227 (Epithelial Marker); Breast carcinoma-associated antigen DF3; CA15-3; Carcinoma-associated mucin Episialin; H23AG; KL-6; MAM6; MUC-1; MUC-1/SEC; MUC-1/X; MUC1-alpha; MUC1-beta; MUC1-CT; MUC1-NT; MUC1/ZD; Mucin-1 subunit beta; Peanut-reactive urinary mucin; PEM; PEMT; Polymorphic epithelial mucin; PUM; Tumor-associated epithelial membrane antigen; anti-MUC1 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1, kappa
Clone Number	rMUC1/955
Specificity	This MAb reacts with MUC1. The dominant epitope of this MAb has not yet been determined. MUC1 is a large cell surface mucin glycoprotein expressed by most glandular and ductal epithelial cells and some hematopoietic cell lineages. It is expressed on most secretory epithelium, including mammary gland and some hematopoietic cells. It is expressed abundantly in lactating mammary glands and over expressed abundantly in 90% breast carcinomas and metastases. Transgenic MUC1 has been shown to associate with all four c-erbB receptors and localize with c-erbB1 (EGFR) in lactating glands. The MUC1 gene contains seven exons and produces several different alternatively spliced variants. The major expressed form of MUC1 uses all seven exons and is a type 1 transmembrane protein with a large extracellular tandem repeat domain. The tandem repeat domain is highly O glycosylated and alterations in glycosylation have been shown in epithelial cancer cells. Antibody to EMA is useful as a pan-epithelial marker for detecting early metastatic loci of carcinoma in bone marrow or liver.
Purity/Purification	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml or Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml or Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide at 1.0mg/ml
Form/Format	200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Sequence Length	264
Applicable Applications for anti-MUC1 antibody	IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Immunogen	Recombinant full-length Human MUC1 protein
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasmic and Cell Surface
Antibody Type	Recombinant Antibody
Hu-chromosome Location	1q22
Positive Control	MCF-7 or MDA-231 cells. Breast, Colon, ovarian, endometrial carcinoma.
Preparation and Storage	Antibody with azide: store at 2 to 8 degree C. Antibody without azide: store at -20 to -80 degree C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human small intestine stained with MUC-1 Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (rMUC1/955).

SDS-PAGE
SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified MUC-1 Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (rMUC1/955).
Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

References	Hilkens, J., et al. 1984. Monoclonal antibodies against human milk-fat globule membranes detecting differentiation antigens of the mammary gland and its tumors. Int. J. Cancer 34: 197-206.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	67189007
NCBI GeneID	4582
NCBI Accession #	NP_001018016.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NP_001018016.1
UniProt Accession #	P15941
Molecular Weight	265-400kDa
NCBI Official Full Name	mucin-1 isoform 2
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	mucin 1, cell surface associated
NCBI Official Symbol	MUC1
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	EMA; MCD; PEM; PUM; KL-6; MAM6; MCKD; PEMT; CD227; H23AG; MCKD1; MUC-1; ADMCKD; ADMCKD1; CA 15-3; MUC-1/X; MUC1/ZD; MUC-1/SEC
NCBI Protein Information	mucin-1
UniProt Protein Name	Mucin-1
UniProt Gene Name	MUC1
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	PUM; MUC-1; CA 15-3; KL-6; PUM; PEM; EMA; MUC1-NT; MUC1-alpha; MUC1-beta
UniProt Entry Name	MUC1_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.