Rabbit RPLP0 Polyclonal Antibody | anti-RPLP0 antibody

RPLP0 antibody - N-terminal region

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA198591	**Rabbit**	**Cow, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat, Zebrafish**	**Western Blot, Immunohistochemistry**

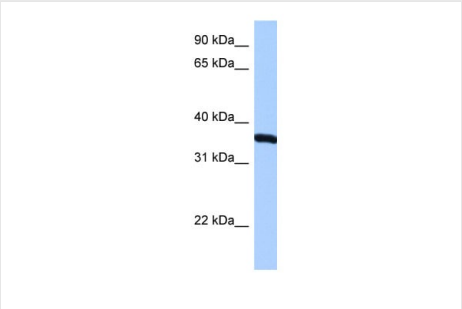
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

RPLP0; Polyclonal Antibody; RPLP0 antibody - N-terminal region; anti-RPLP0 antibody

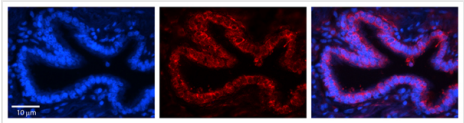
PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Cow, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat, Zebrafish
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purity/Purification	Affinity Purified
Form/Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Sequence	Syntheticp eptideloca tedwithint hefollowin gregion:TE IRDMLLANKV PAAARAGAIA PCEVTVPAQN TGLGPEKTSF FQALGITT
Sequence Length	317
Applicable Applications for anti-RPLP0 antibody	WB (Western Blot), IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Homology	Cow: 100%; Dog: 100%; Guinea Pig: 100%; Horse: 100%; Human: 100%; Mouse: 100%; Rabbit: 100%; Rat: 100%; Zebrafish: 100%
Immunogen	The immunogen is a synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal region of human RPLP0
Preparation and Storage	For short term use, store at 2-8 degree C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20 degree C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



WB (Western Blot)
WB Suggested Anti-RPLP0 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/mlPositive Control: HepG2 cell lysateRPLP0 is strongly supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in Human HepG2 cells



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Rabbit Anti-RPLP0 AntibodyFormalin Fixed Paraffin Embedded Tissue: Human Bronchial Epithelial TissueObserved Staining: CytoplasmicPrimary Antibody Concentration: 1:100Secondary Antibody: Donkey anti-Rabbit-Cy3Secondary Antibody Concentration: 1:200Magnification: 20XExposure Time: 0.5 - 2.0 sec

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-RPLP0 antibody	This is a rabbit polyclonal antibody against RPLP0. It was validated on Western Blot using a cell lysate as a positive control. Target Description: Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. The ribosomal protein is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which is the functional equivalent of the E. coli L10 ribosomal protein, belongs to the L10P family of ribosomal proteins. It is a neutral phosphoprotein with a C-terminal end that is nearly identical to the C-terminal ends of the acidic ribosomal phosphoproteins P1 and P2. The P0 protein can interact with P1 and P2 to form a pentameric complex consisting of P1 and P2 dimers, and a P0 monomer. Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which is the functional equivalent of the E. coli L10 ribosomal protein, belongs to the L10P family of ribosomal proteins. It is a neutral phosphoprotein with a C-terminal end that is nearly identical to the C-terminal ends of the acidic ribosomal phosphoproteins P1 and P2. The P0 protein can interact with P1 and P2 to form a pentameric complex consisting of P1 and P2 dimers, and a P0 monomer. The protein is located in the cytoplasm. Transcript variants derived from alternative splicing exist; they encode the same protein. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which is the functional equivalent of the E. coli L10 ribosomal protein, belongs to the L10P family of ribosomal proteins. It is a neutral phosphoprotein with a C-terminal end that is nearly identical to the C-terminal ends of the acidic ribosomal phosphoproteins P1 and P2. The P0 protein can interact with P1 and P2 to form a pentameric complex consisting of P1 and P2 dimers, and a P0 monomer. The protein is located in the cytoplasm. Transcript variants derived from alternative splicing exist; they encode the same protein. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.
Product Categories/Family for anti-RPLP0 antibody	Polyclonal; RNA Binding Proteins; Drugs and Drug Metabolism; Transcription Factors

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	4506667
NCBI GeneID	6175
NCBI Accession #	NP_000993
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001002
UniProt Accession #	P05388
Molecular Weight	34kDa
NCBI Official Full Name	60S acidic ribosomal protein P0
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	ribosomal protein lateral stalk subunit P0
NCBI Official Symbol	RPLP0
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	P0; LP0; L10E; RPP0; PRLP0
NCBI Protein Information	60S acidic ribosomal protein P0
UniProt Protein Name	60S acidic ribosomal protein P0
UniProt Gene Name	**RPLP0**
UniProt Entry Name	RLA0_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.