

Rabbit ETFA Polyclonal Antibody | anti-ETFA antibody

Anti-ETFA Antibody Picoband

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA19554	Rabbit	Human, Mouse, Rat	ELISA, Flow Cytometry, Functional Assay, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunocytochemistry, Western Blot

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

ETFA; Polyclonal Antibody; Anti-ETFA Antibody Picoband; anti-ETFA antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Purity/Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Form/Format	Lyophilized Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ .
Concentration	Adding 0.2 ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 ug/ml. (varies by lot)
Applicable Applications for anti-ETFA antibody	ELISA, FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry), IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), ICC (Immunocytochemistry), WB (Western Blot)
Application Notes	WB: 0.1-0.25 ug/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat IHC-P: 2-5 ug/ml, Human ICC/IF: 5 ug/ml, Human FC/FACS: 1-3 ug/1x10 ⁶ cells, Human Direct ELISA: 0.1-0.5 ug/ml, Human Tested Species: In-house tested species with positive results. Enhanced Chemiluminescent Kit with anti-Rabbit IgG for Western blot, and HRP Conjugated anti-Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit for IHC(P) and ICC.
Reconstitution	Adding 0.2 ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 ug/ml.
Immunogen	E Coli-derived human ETFA recombinant protein (Position: M1-K333).
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4 degree C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 degree C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



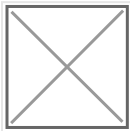
FCM (Flow Cytometry)

Figure 7. Flow Cytometry analysis of SiHa cells using anti-ETFA antibody (AAA19554).Overlay histogram showing SiHa cells stained with AAA19554 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with rabbit anti-ETFA Antibody (AAA19554, 1 ug/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 20 degree C. DyLight488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20 degree C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG (1 ug/1x10⁶) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.



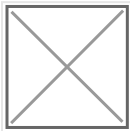
IF (Immunofluorescence)

Figure 6. IF analysis of ETFA using anti-ETFA antibody (AAA19554).ETFA was detected in an immunocytochemical section of T-47D cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 5 ug/mL rabbit anti-ETFA Antibody (AAA19554) overnight at 4 degree C. DyLight488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Figure 5. IHC analysis of ETFA using anti-ETFA antibody (AAA19554).ETFA was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human liver cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 ug/ml rabbit anti-ETFA Antibody (AAA19554) overnight at 4 degree C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) with DAB as the chromogen.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Figure 4. IHC analysis of ETFA using anti-ETFA antibody (AAA19554).ETFA was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human colonic adenocarcinoma tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 ug/ml rabbit anti-ETFA Antibody (AAA19554) overnight at 4 degree C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) with DAB as the chromogen.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Figure 3. IHC analysis of ETFA using anti-ETFA antibody (AAA19554).ETFA was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human bladder adenosquamous carcinoma tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 ug/ml rabbit anti-ETFA Antibody (AAA19554) overnight at 4 degree C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) with DAB as the chromogen.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Figure 2. IHC analysis of ETFA using anti-ETFA antibody (AAA19554).ETFA was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human placenta tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 2 ug/ml rabbit anti-ETFA Antibody (AAA19554) overnight at 4 degree C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) with DAB as the chromogen.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-ETFA antibody	The human ETFA gene encodes the Electron-transfer-flavoprotein, alpha subunit, also known as ETF-alpha. Together with Electron-transfer-flavoprotein, beta subunit, encoded by the 'ETFB' gene, it forms the heterodimericElectron transfer flavoprotein (ETF). ETFA participates in catalyzing the initial step of the mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation. It shuttles electrons between primary flavoprotein dehydrogenases and the membrane-bound electron transfer flavoprotein ubiquinone oxidoreductase. Defects in electron-transfer-flavoprotein have been implicated in type II glutaricaciduria in which multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiencies result in large excretion of glutaric, lactic, ethylmalonic, butyric, isobutyric, 2-methyl-butyric, and isovaleric acids. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.
Product Categories/Family for anti-ETFA antibody	Primary Antibodies, Rabbit Polyclonal Antibodies

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	4503607
NCBI GeneID	2108
NCBI Accession #	NP_000117.1

NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_000126.3
UniProt Accession #	P13804; Q53XN3; B4DT43
Molecular Weight	35,080 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	electron transfer flavoprotein subunit alpha, mitochondrial isoform a
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	electron-transfer-flavoprotein, alpha polypeptide
NCBI Official Symbol	ETFA
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	EMA; GA2; MADD
NCBI Protein Information	electron transfer flavoprotein subunit alpha, mitochondrial; alpha-ETF; glutaric aciduria II; electron transfer flavoprotein alpha-subunit; electron transfer flavoprotein, alpha polypeptide
UniProt Protein Name	Electron transfer flavoprotein subunit alpha, mitochondrial
UniProt Gene Name	ETFA
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	Alpha-ETF
UniProt Entry Name	ETFA_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/etfa-antibody-flow-cytometry-immunofluorescence-immunohistochemistry-immunocytochemistry-western-blot-elisa/19554>