

Mouse Prestin (PRES) ELISA Kit | PRES elisa kit

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CATALOG #
AAA161472

REACTIVITY
Mouse

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

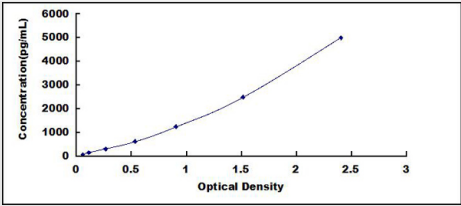
Prestin (PRES); Mouse Prestin (PRES) ELISA Kit; PRES ELISA kit (Mouse); SLC26A5; DFN61; Solute Carrier Family 26 Member 5; Deafness; Neurosensory; Autosomal Recessive 61; PRES elisa kit

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of Prestin (PRES). No significant cross-reactivity or interference between Prestin (PRES) and analogues was observed. Reactive with Mouse PRES/Prestin
Assay Type	Double-antibody Sandwich
Samples	Tissue homogenates, Cell lysates, Cell culture supernates and other biological fluids
Detection Method	Colormetric
Featured Series	SE kit
Detection Range	78-5,000pg/mL
Sensitivity	31pg/mL
Sample Size	100uL
Assay Time	3h
Function	Detects protein (regular version)
Precision	Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): 3 samples with low, middle and high level Prestin (PRES) were tested 20 times on one plate, respectively. Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): 3 samples with low, middle and high level Prestin (PRES) were tested on 3 different plates, 8 replicates in each plate. CV(%) = SD/meanX100 Intra-Assay: CV<10%, Inter-Assay: CV<12%
Assay Procedure Summary	1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards 2. Add 100ul standard or sample to each well. Incubate 2 hours at 37 degree C 3. Aspirate and add 100ul prepared Detection Reagent A. Incubate 1 hour at 37 degree C 4. Aspirate and wash 3 times 5. Add 100ul prepared Detection Reagent B. Incubate 30 minutes at 37 degree C 6. Aspirate and wash 5 times 7. Add 90ul Substrate Solution. Incubate 10-20 minutes at 37 degree C 8. Add 50ul Stop Solution. Read at 450nm immediately.

Test Principle	The test principle applied in this kit is Sandwich enzyme immunoassay. The microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with an antibody specific to Prestin (PRES). Standards or samples are then added to the appropriate microtiter plate wells with a biotin-conjugated antibody specific to Prestin (PRES). Next, Avidin conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. After TMB substrate solution is added, only those wells that contain Prestin (PRES), biotin-conjugated antibody and enzyme-conjugated Avidin will exhibit a change in color. The enzyme-substrate reaction is terminated by the addition of sulphuric acid solution and the color change is measured spectrophotometrically at a wavelength of 450nm +/- 10nm. The concentration of Prestin (PRES) in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the samples to the standard curve.
Research Area	Ophthalmology & Otorhinolaryngology
Preparation and Storage	Store at 4 degree C for 1 month/-20 degree C for long-term (One year within shelf life) The stability of kit is determined by the loss rate of activity. The loss rate of this kit is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition. To minimize extra influence on the performance, operation procedures and lab conditions, especially room temperature, air humidity, incubator temperature should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested that the whole assay is performed by the same operator from the beginning to the end.

IMAGES



Standard Curve (Sample)
Typical Standard Curve for PRES ELISA (Sandwich)

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	577019546
NCBI GeneID	80979
NCBI Accession #	NP_001276716.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001289787.1
UniProt Accession #	Q99NH7; Q80ZB1
Molecular Weight	81,337 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	prestin isoform 2
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	solute carrier family 26, member 5
NCBI Official Symbol	Slc26a5
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	Pres; prestin
NCBI Protein Information	prestin; prestin (motor protein); outer hair cell motor protein
UniProt Protein Name	Prestin
UniProt Gene Name	Slc26a5
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	Pres
UniProt Entry Name	S26A5_MOUSE

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

