

Rabbit GM130/GOLGA2 Polyclonal Antibody | anti-GM130 antibody

Anti-GM130/GOLGA2 Antibody

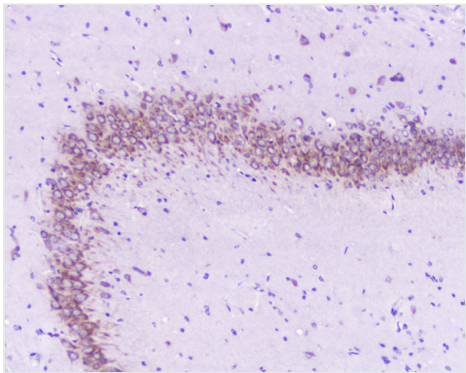
CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA124963	Rabbit	Human, Mouse, Rat	ELISA, Immunofluorescence, Immunocytochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Western Blot

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

GM130/GOLGA2; Polyclonal Antibody; Anti-GM130/GOLGA2 Antibody; Golgin subfamily A member 2; 130 kDa cis-Golgi matrix protein; Golgin A2; anti-GM130 antibody

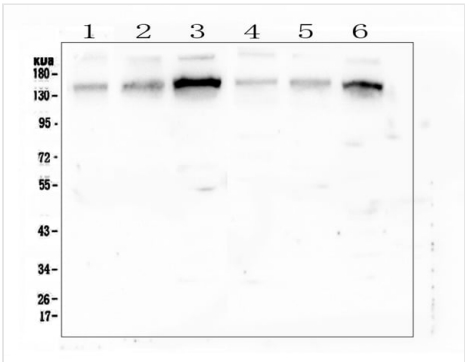
PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Specificity	No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Purity/Purification	Immunogen Affinity Purified
Form/Format	Lyophilized
Sequence Length	620
Applicable Applications for anti-GM130 antibody	ELISA (Direct ELISA), IF (Immunofluorescence), ICC (Immunocytochemistry), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), WB (Western Blot)
Immunogen	E Coli-derived human GM130 recombinant protein (Position: E796-E913).
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.
Relevant Detection Systems	It is recommended to use an Enhanced Chemiluminescent Kit with anti-Rabbit IgG for Western blot, and HRP Conjugated anti-Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit for IHC-P, IHC-F and ICC.
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4 degree C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 degree C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Figure 3. IHC analysis of GM130 using anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human oesophagus squama cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human oesophagus squama cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human placenta tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human tonsil tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of mouse intestine tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of mouse spleen tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 antibody. GM130 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of rat brain tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1ug/ml rabbit anti-GM130 Antibody overnight at 4 degree C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degree C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) with DAB as the chromogen.



WB (Western Blot)

Figure 1. Western blot analysis of GM130 using anti-GM130 antibody. Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel)/90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions. Lane 1: human placenta tissue lysates, Lane 2: human A549 whole cell lysate, Lane 3: human K562 whole cell lysate, Lane 4: human HL-60 whole cell lysate, Lane 5: human MCF-7 whole cell lysate, Lane 6: human Caco-2 whole cell lysate. After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-GM130 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody at 0.5 ug/ml overnight at 4 degree C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for GM130 at approximately 150KD. The expected band size for GM130 is at 113KD.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-GM130 antibody	Description: Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for GM130 detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, ICC/IF, Direct ELISA in Human; Mouse; Rat. Background: Golgin subfamily A member 2 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the GOLGA2 gene. The Golgi apparatus, which participates in glycosylation and transport of proteins and lipids in the secretory pathway, consists of a series of stacked cisternae (flattened membrane sacs). Interactions between the Golgi and microtubules are thought to be important for the reorganization of the Golgi after it fragments during mitosis. This gene encodes one of the golgins, a family of proteins localized to the Golgi. This encoded protein has been postulated to play roles in the stacking of Golgi cisternae and in vesicular transport. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but the full-length nature of these variants has not been determined.
References	1. Matsuki, T., Matthews, R. T., Cooper, J. A., van der Brug, M. P., Cookson, M. R., Hardy, J. A., Olson, E. C., Howell, B. W. Reelin and Stk25 have opposing roles in neuronal polarization and dendritic Golgi deployment. Cell 143: 826-836, 2010. 2. Wong, M., Munro, S. The specificity of vesicle traffic to the Golgi is encoded in the golgin coiled-coil proteins. Science 346: 601 only, 2014.

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	194097392
NCBI GeneID	2801
NCBI Accession #	NP_004477.3
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_004486.4
UniProt Accession #	Q08379; Q6GRM9; Q9BRB0; Q9NYF9; A0A0C4DGS5
Molecular Weight	70,473 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	golgin subfamily A member 2
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	golgin A2
NCBI Official Symbol	GOLGA2
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	GM130
NCBI Protein Information	golgin subfamily A member 2
UniProt Protein Name	Golgin subfamily A member 2
UniProt Gene Name	GOLGA2
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	GM1302 PublicationsManual assertion based on opinion iniRef.1

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/gm130-golga2-antibody-direct-elisa-immunofluorescence-immunocytochemistry-immunohistochemistry-western-blot-elisa/124963>