

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 (UCHL1) Recombinant Protein | UCHL1 recombinant protein

Recombinant Human Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 (UCHL1), partial

CATALOG # AAA113628	HOST E Coli or Yeast or Baculovirus or Mammalian Cell
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PRODUCT SYNONYMS

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 (UCHL1); Recombinant Human Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 (UCHL1); partial; Neuron Cytoplasmic domain protein 9.5PGP 9.5 ; PGP9.5Ubiquitin thioesterase L1; UCHL1 recombinant protein

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	E Coli or Yeast or Baculovirus or Mammalian Cell
Purity/Purification	Greater or equal to 85% purity as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form/Format	Lyophilized or liquid (Format to be determined during the manufacturing process)
Sequence Positions	1-222aa; Partial
Sequence	MQLKPMEINP EMLNKVLSRL GVAGQWRFVD VLGLEESLG SVPAPACALL LLFPLTAQHE NFRKKQIEEL KGQEVSPKVY FMKQTIGNSC GTIGLIHAVA NNQDKLGFED GSVLKQFLSE TEKMSPEDRA KCFEKNEAIQ AAHDAVAQEG QCRVDDKVN FHLFNNVDG HLYELDGRMP FPNVHGASSE DTLLKDAKV CREFTEREQG EVRFSAVALC KA
Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Subcellular Location	Cytoplasm, Endoplasmic reticulum membrane, Lipid-anchor
Protein Families	Peptidase C12 family
Tissue Specificity	Found in neuronal cell bodies and processes throughout the neocortex (at protein level). Expressed in neurons and cells of the diffuse neuroendocrine system and their tumors. Weakly expressed in ovary. Down-regulated in brains from Parkinson disease and Alzheimer disease patients.
Relevance	Ubiquitin-protein hydrolase involved both in the processing of ubiquitin precursors and of ubiquitinated proteins. This enzyme is a thiol protease that recognizes and hydrolyzes a peptide bond at the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin. Also binds to free monoubiquitin and may prevent its degradation in lysosomes. The homodimer may have ATP-independent ubiquitin ligase activity.
Function	Ubiquitin-protein hydrolase involved both in the processing of ubiquitin precursors and of ubiquitinated proteins. This enzyme is a thiol protease that recognizes and hydrolyzes a peptide bond at the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin. Also binds to free monoubiquitin and may prevent its degradation in lysosomes. The homodimer may have ATP-independent ubiquitin ligase activity.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20 degree C/-80 degree C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C. For extended storage, store at -20 or -80 degree C.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Product Categories/Family for UCHL1 recombinant protein	Neuroscience
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References	Generation and annotation of the DNA sequences of human chromosomes 2 and 4. Hillier L.W., Graves T.A., Fulton R.S., Fulton L.A., Pepin K.H., Minx P., Wagner-McPherson C., Layman D., Wylie K., Sekhon M., Becker M.C., Fewell G.A., Delehaunty K.D., Miner T.L., Nash W.E., Krimitzki C., Oddy L., Du H., Sun H., Bradshaw-Cordum H., Ali J., Carter J., Cordes M., Harris A., Isak A., van Brunt A., Nguyen C., Du F., Courtney L., Kalicki J., Ozersky P., Abbott S., Armstrong J., Belter E.A., Caruso L., Cedroni M., Cotton M., Davidson T., Desai A., Elliott G., Erb T., Fronick C., Gaige T., Haakenson W., Haglund K., Holmes A., Harkins R., Kim K., Kruchowski S.S., Strong C.M., Grewal N., Goyea E., Hou S., Levy A., Martinka S., Mead K., McLellan M.D., Meyer R., Randall-Maher J., Tomlinson C., Dauphin-Kohlberg S., Kozlowicz-Reilly A., Shah N., Swearengen-Shahid S., Snider J., Strong J.T., Thompson J., Yoakum M., Leonard S., Pearman C., Trani L., Radionenko M., Waligorski J.E., Wang C., Rock S.M., Tin-Wollam A.-M., Maupin R., Latreille P., Wendl M.C., Yang S.-P., Pohl C., Wallis J.W., Spieth J., Bieri T.A., Berkowicz N., Nelson J.O., Osborne J., Ding L., Meyer R., Sabo A., Shotland Y., Sinha P., Wohldmann P.E., Cook L.L., Hickenbotham M.T., Eldred J., Williams D., Jones T.A., She X., Ciccarelli F.D., Izaurralde E., Taylor J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M., Cox D.R., Huang X., McPherson J.D., Mardis E.R., Clifton S.W., Warren W.C., Chinwalla A.T., Eddy S.R., Marra M.A., Ovcharenko I., Furey T.S., Miller W., Eichler E.E., Bork P., Suyama M., Torrents D., Waterston R.H., Wilson R.K. Nature 434:724-731(2005) https://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=HGNC:12513 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/UniGene/clust.cgi?ORG=Hs&CID=518731 https://www.genome.jp/dbget-bin/www_bget?hsa:7345 https://string-db.org/network/9606.ENSP00000284440 https://www.omim.org/entry/191342191342191342
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	21361091
NCBI GeneID	7345
NCBI Accession #	NP_004172.2
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_004181.4
UniProt Accession #	P09936 ; Q4W5K6 ; Q71UM0
Molecular Weight	24,824 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal esterase L1 (ubiquitin thiolesterase)
NCBI Official Symbol	UCHL1
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	PARK5; PGP95; PGP9.5; Uch-L1; PGP 9.5
NCBI Protein Information	ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1; ubiquitin thioesterase L1; neuron cytoplasmic protein 9.5; ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolase
UniProt Protein Name	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1
UniProt Gene Name	UCHL1
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	UCH-L1; PGP9.5
UniProt Entry Name	UCHL1_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/uchl1-recombinant-protein-e-coli-or-yeast-or-baculovirus-or-mammalian-cell/113628>