

Mouse anti-Human PTK2B Monoclonal Antibody | anti-PTK2B antibody

PTK2B Antibody

CATALOG # AAA111298	HOST Mouse	REACTIVITY Human	APPLICATIONS Western Blot
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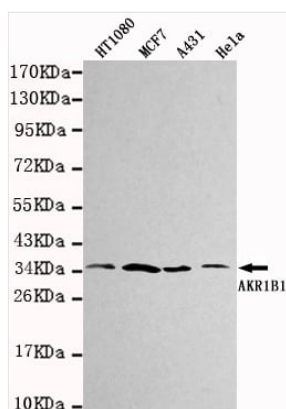
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

PTK2B; Monoclonal Antibody; PTK2B Antibody; PKB; PTK; CAKB; FAK2; PYK2; CADTK; FADK2; RAFTK; anti-PTK2B antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

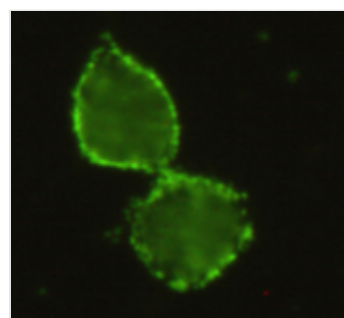
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG2a
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of PTK2B and does not cross-react with related proteins.
Purity/Purification	Affinity purified
Form/Format	Purified in buffer containing 0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl) with 0.2% sodium azide, 50%, glycerol
Sequence Length	1009
Applicable Applications for anti-PTK2B antibody	WB (Western Blot)
Immunogen	Purified recombinant human PTK2B protein fragments expressed in E Coli.
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm

IMAGES



Application Data

Immunocytochemistry stain of HeLa using AKR1B1 antibody (1:300).



Application Data

Western blot detection of AKR1B1 in HT1080, MCF7, A431&HeLa cell lysates using AKR1B1 antibody (1:1000 diluted). Predicted band size:36KDa. Observed band size:36KDa.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-PTK2B antibody	UniPort Summary Function: Non-receptor protein-tyrosine kinase that regulates reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, cell polarization, cell migration, adhesion, spreading and bone remodeling. Plays a role in the regulation of the humoral immune response, and is required for normal levels of marginal B-cells in the spleen and normal migration of splenic B-cells. Required for normal macrophage polarization and migration towards sites of inflammation. Regulates cytoskeleton rearrangement and cell spreading in T-cells, and contributes to the regulation of T-cell responses. Promotes osteoclastic bone resorption; this requires both PTK2B/PYK2 and SRC. May inhibit differentiation and activity of osteoprogenitor cells. Functions in signaling downstream of integrin and collagen receptors, immune receptors, G-protein coupled receptors (GPCR), cytokine, chemokine and growth factor receptors, and mediates responses to cellular stress. Forms multisubunit signaling complexes with SRC and SRC family members upon activation; this leads to the phosphorylation of additional tyrosine residues, creating binding sites for scaffold proteins, effectors and substrates. Regulates numerous signaling pathways. Promotes activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and of the AKT1 signaling cascade. Promotes activation of NOS3. Regulates production of the cellular messenger cGMP. Promotes activation of the MAP kinase signaling cascade, including activation of MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK8/JNK1. Promotes activation of Rho family GTPases, such as RHOA and RAC1. Recruits the ubiquitin ligase MDM2 to P53/TP53 in the nucleus, and thereby regulates P53/TP53 activity, P53/TP53 ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation. Acts as a scaffold, binding to both PDPK1 and SRC, thereby allowing SRC to phosphorylate PDPK1 at ‘Tyr-9, ‘Tyr-373’, and ‘Tyr-376’. Promotes phosphorylation of NMDA receptors by SRC family members, and thereby contributes to the regulation of NMDA receptor ion channel activity and intracellular Ca2+ levels. May also regulate potassium ion transport by phosphorylation of potassium channel subunits. Phosphorylates SRC; this increases SRC kinase activity. Phosphorylates ASAP1, NPHP1, KCNA2 and SHC1. Promotes phosphorylation of ASAP2, RHOU and PXN; this requires both SRC and PTK2/PYK2. Entrez Summary: This gene encodes a cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinase which is involved in calcium-induced regulation of ion channels and activation of the map kinase signaling pathway. The encoded protein may represent an important signaling intermediate between neuropeptide-activated receptors or neurotransmitters that increase calcium flux and the downstream signals that regulate neuronal activity. The encoded protein undergoes rapid tyrosine phosphorylation and activation in response to increases in the intracellular calcium concentration, nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activation, membrane depolarization, or protein kinase C activation. This protein has been shown to bind CRK-associated substrate, nephrocystin, GTPase regulator associated with FAK, and the SH2 domain of GRB2. The encoded protein is a member of the FAK subfamily of protein tyrosine kinases but lacks significant sequence similarity to kinases from other subfamilies. Four transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene.
Product Categories/Family for anti-PTK2B antibody	Autophagy antibody ; Cancer ; Cardiovascular ; Cell Biology ; Epigenetics & Nuclear Signaling ; Developmental Biologys ; Immunology ; Drug Discovery Products ; Metabolism ; Neuroscience ; Signal Transduction ; Stem Cells

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	27886584
NCBI GeneID	2185
NCBI Accession #	NP_004094.3
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_173176.1
UniProt Accession #	Q14289; Q13475; Q14290; Q16709; Q6PID4; D3DST0
Molecular Weight	116kDa
NCBI Official Full Name	protein-tyrosine kinase 2-beta isoform a
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	protein tyrosine kinase 2 beta
NCBI Official Symbol	PTK2B
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	PKB; PTK; CAKB; FAK2; PYK2; CADTK; FADK2; RAFTK
NCBI Protein Information	protein-tyrosine kinase 2-beta
UniProt Protein Name	Protein-tyrosine kinase 2-beta
UniProt Gene Name	PTK2B
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	FAK2; PYK2; RAFTK; CADTK; CAK-beta; CAKB; FADK 2; RAFTK

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://stage.aaabiotech.com/monoclonal/ptk2b-antibody-western-blot-elisa/111298>